## First records of *Zercon andrei* Sellnick, 1958 and *Zerconopsis muestairi* (Schweizer, 1949) (Acari, Mesostigmata) from Bjørnøya, Svalbard

DARIUSZ J. GWIAZDOWICZ, STEPHEN J. COULSON & M. LUISA ÁVILA- JIMÉNEZ

Gwiazdowicz, D.J., Coulson, S.J. & Ávila-Jiménez, M. L. 2009. First records of *Zercon andrei* Sellnick, 1958 and *Zerconopsis muestairi* (Schweizer, 1949) (Acari, Mesostigmata) from Bjørnøya. Norwegian Journal of Entomology 56, 117–119.

This paper presents two mesostigmatid mite species that are new to Svalbard's fauna. *Zercon andrei* Sellnick, 1958 and *Zerconopsis muestairi* (Schweizer, 1949) were found in soils close to bird nests on Bjørnøya. Localities and occurrence in microhabitats according to literature are given.

Key words: Svalbard, Spitsbergen, Bear Island, Bjørnøya, Ascidae, Zerconopsis muestairi, Zercon andrei, Mesostigmata

Dariusz J. Gwiazdowicz, University of Life Sciences, Dep. Forest Portection, Wojska Polskiego 71c, 60-625 Poznan, Poland. E-mail: dagwiazd@up.poznan.pl

Stephen J. Coulson, University Centre in Svalbard, Dep. Arctic Biology, P. O. Box 156, NO-9171, Longyearbyen, Norway. E-mail: steve.coulson@unis.no

M. Luisa Ávila-Jiménez University Centre in Svalbard, Dep. Arctic Biology, P. O. Box 156, NO-9171, Longyearbyen, Norway. E-mail: mariaj1@unis.no

## Introduction

Svalbard is an archipelago with the largest island, Spitsbergen, located approximately 700 km north of mainland Norway and consists of a landmass of some 61,000 km². Bjørnøya forms the most southerly island in the archipelago, lying around 400km north of the Norwegian mainland. Air temperatures on Bjørnøya are less extreme than on Spitsbergen due to the more southerly latitude and maritime climate. Mean February air temperature on Bear Island being -7.7°C compared to -16.2 at Svalbard airport on Spitsbergen while the warmest month, July, at a mean of 4.4°C is some 1.5°C colder than the equivalent period on Spitsbergen with a July temperature of 5.9°C (DNMI).

There are few records of the mesostigmatid mite community of Svalbard with only 22 species known (Coulson & Refseth 2004, Gwiazdowicz & Gulvik 2008) and two additional records identified only to genus level, Melichares sp. and Zerconopsis sp. (Byzova et al. 1995) and from Bjørnøya and only one species of Mesostigmata is recorded (Summerhayes & Elton 1923). Here we report two additional species of Mesostigmata from Bjørnøya, Zercon andrei Sellnick, 1958 and Zerconopsis muestairi (Schweizer, 1949). addition to being new to Bjørnøya, they are also not previously recorded from the remaining islands in the Svalbard archipelago. These represent the first records of these species from an Arctic region and bring the total known Mesostigmata fauna from Bjørnøya to three and from Svalbard as a whole to 24.